

Extracts from *The Journal of the Linnean Society: Botany*, v. 10,
1868: 280, 320.

Berkeley's "Fungi Cubenses" runs from pages 280 to 341, but only part of the introduction and an item on page 320 (with Australian and Brazilian provenience) are reproduced here.

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Fungi Cubenses (*Hymenomyces*). By the Rev. M. J. BERKELEY,
M.A., F.L.S., and Dr. M. A. CURTIS.

[Read May 2, 1867.]

THE following account of the Hymenomycetous Fungi of Cuba, which it is hoped will be shortly followed by the remaining tribes, has been drawn up partly from the list given by the late Dr. Montague in the great work on Cuba by Ramon de la Sagra, assisted in most cases by authentic specimens, and partly from two large collections (consisting of more than 1600 numbers) made by Mr. Charles Wright in the island. The Hymenomyces described by Dr. Montague, however, amount only to 59 species, while the present enumeration comprises 490 species, besides some marked varieties. Fourteen only of Dr. Montague's species do not exist in either of Mr. Wright's collections.

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[15. TRAMETES *Fr.*]

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311. T. MULLERI, *Berk.* Pileo dimidiato suberoso subtiliter tomentosus albo rugoso marginem versus lobatum concentricè sulcato; poris mediis, dissepimentis obtusis.

On dead wood. *Hab.* Victoria River, Australia, Brazil. Pileus 5 inches wide, 3 inches long; pores $\frac{1}{48}$ inch in diameter.

16. DÆDALEA, *P.*

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